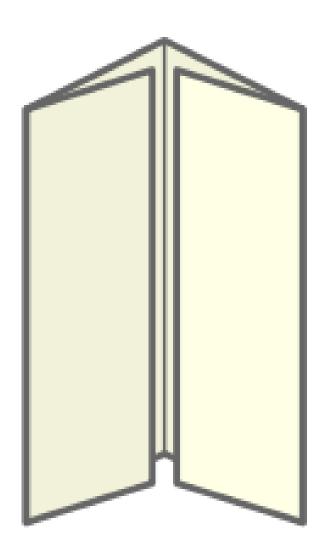
## Energy Transformations

- •Fold your paper in half. Then open it up and lay it flat.
- •Take the **left** edge of the paper and line it up to the middle crease in the paper. Then crease the paper.
- •Now, do the same from the **right** edge of the paper.
- •Lay the paper flat on the table, and cut **ONLY** on the <u>dotted lines</u>.
- •Now, draw a picture of the type of energy transformation on the inside **right** of the foldable and write the description on the **left**.



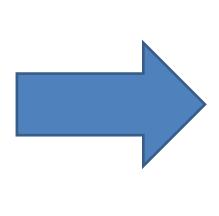
# Potential - Kinetic



- Stored energy
- Dealing with an object's position

- The energy an object has due to motion
- Energy increases as object moves faster





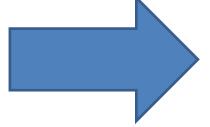


# Electrical - Sound

The energy flowing in an electric circuit

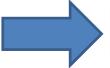
The energy produced by vibrations





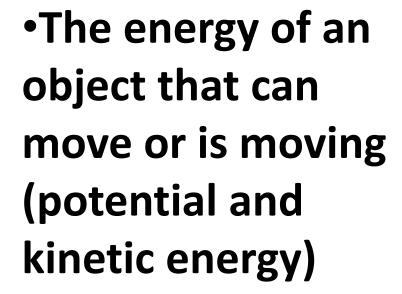


## Chemical



# Mechanical

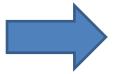
Energy stored in matter, like in gasoline or sugar







## Solar



### Heat

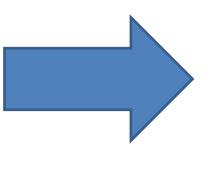
Energy from the sun



The transfer of thermal energy

•The movement of particles in matter





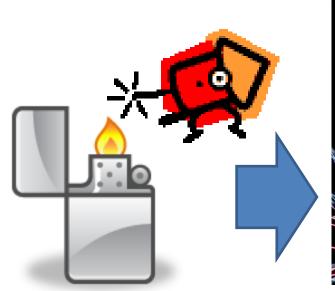




# Chemical Heat Light Sound

•Energy can transform from more than one form at a time!

Some events and actions include multiple transformations of energy!

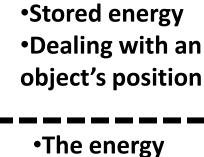




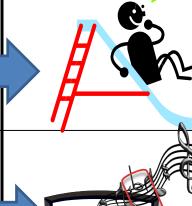


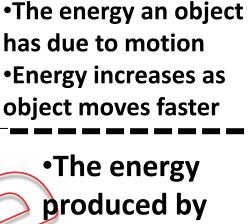


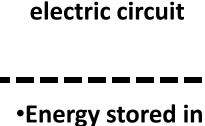
Potential	Kinetic
Electrical	Sound
Chemical	Mechanical
Solar	Heat
Chemical → Heat	Light → Sound











matter, like in

gasoline or sugar

flowing in an





The energy of an object that can move or is moving (potential and kinetic energy)

vibrations

Energy from the sun





thermal energy -The movement of particles in matter

Energy can transform from more than one form at a time!



Some events and actions include > 1 transformations of energy!

The transfer of